

Sunday February 17 through Sunday February 24

- Trinity Youth, along with leader Christy Smith, will be conducting the entire service this morning. They will be sharing memories of their experience at Resurrection and sharing their views on the walk they are taking with Christ.
- There will be no UMYF meeting this evening.
- The Parsonage Study Group will be meeting Monday evening at 6:30 pm.
- At 11 am on Tuesday, the study group at the Ugly Mug will be meeting.
- Bible Study will continue on Wednesday evening at 6 pm. Choir practice will follow at 7 pm.
- Next Sunday at 5 pm, Trinity will be hosting a Black History Month program. Everyone is welcome to attend and to invite someone to come with them. Sandra Jones will be leading the service that evening.



This WEEK at Trinity

OFFICE: (276) 523-0789

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Sunday February 17

10:00 am—10:45 am Sunday School
YOUTH SUNDAY

11:00 am—12:00 pm Morning Worship

Monday February 18

6:30 pm—Parsonage Study Group

7:00 pm—Boy Scouts

Tuesday February 19

11:00 am—Ugly Mug Study Group

Wednesday February 20

6:00 pm—Bible Study

7:00 pm—Choir Practice

Thursday February 21

NO SCHEDULED ACTIVITIES

Friday February 22

9:00 am—MEOC

Saturday February 23

FELLOWSHIP HALL RESERVED

Sunday February 24

10:00 am—10:45 am Sunday School

11:00 am—12:00 pm Morning Worship

5:00 pm—Black History Month Program

5:00 pm—UMYF

Black History Month

Did you know?

Cathay Williams was the one and only female Buffalo Soldier, posing as a man named William Cathay to enlist in the 38th infantry in 1866. She served for two years before a doctor discovered that she was a woman, leading to her discharge.

Liberia was founded and colonized by expatriates. The West African country is one of two sovereign states in the world started as a colony for ex-slaves and marginalized Black people. Sierra Leone is the other.

The hair brush, lawn mower, cellphone, refrigerator, and the air conditioner were all the fruits of African-American inventors' creative laboring.

Tice Davids, a runaway slave from Kentucky, was the inspiration for the first usage of the term "Underground Railroad." When he swam across the Ohio River to freedom, his former owner assumed he'd drowned and told the local paper if Davids had escaped, he must have traveled on "an underground railroad."

In 1967, Robert H. Lawrence, Jr. became the first African-American to be trained as an astronaut. Sixteen years later, Guion "Guy" Bluford carried on Lawrence's legacy by becoming the first Black man in space.

Architect Paul Williams mastered the art of drawing upside down so that he could sit across from — not next to — white clients who didn't want to sit side-by-side with a Black person.

After retiring from baseball, Jackie Robinson helped establish the African-American owned and controlled Freedom Bank.

Martin Luther King Jr. was a Baptist minister and civil-rights activist who had a seismic impact on race relations in the United States.

Malcolm X was an American Muslim minister and human rights activist.

Robert Sengstacke Abbott founded a weekly newspaper, *The Chicago Defender*, one of the most important black newspapers in history

Ella Baker is one of history's lesser-known civil rights heroes, yet one of the most important.

Benjamin Oliver Davis Sr., the first African-American general for the U.S. Army, battled segregation by developing and implementing plans for the limited desegregation of U.S. combat forces in Europe during World War II.

Harriet Tubman, the influential "conductor" of the Underground Railroad, will be the first African-American woman to appear on U.S. currency when her likeness appears on the \$20 bill beginning in 2020. She led hundreds of slaves out of the South to freedom and each journey and every person mattered. "I was the conductor of the Underground Railroad for eight years, and I can say what most conductors can't," she said. "I never ran a train off the track and I never lost a passenger."